WASSCE / WAEC GSM PHONES MAINTENANCE AND REPAIRS SYLLABUS

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PREAMBLE

This syllabus is designed to assess candidates' basic skills of maintenance of mobile phones, in terms of knowledge and competence in fault finding and systematic repairs. It also assesses candidates' knowledge of setting up and managing a mobile phone maintenance and repair enterprise.

AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

The aims and objectives of the syllabus are to test candidates' knowledge and understanding of:

- 1. Basic concept and terminologies
- 2. Tracing, testing, trouble shooting, maintenance and repairs of mobile phones
- 3. Analyzing mobile phones PCB circuits
- 4. Different fault finding techniques
- 5. Using internet resources, data manuals, service manuals and trouble-shooting manuals
- 6. General safety precaution in mobile phones repair and maintenance
- 7. The requirement for setting up and successfully running a mobile phone maintenance and repair business

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

There will be **two papers** - Paper **1** and Paper **2** which shall be **composite** and will taken at one sitting.

- **PAPER 1**: Will consist of **40** multiple choice objective questions to be answered in **45 minutes**. This will carry **40 marks**
- **PAPER 2**: Will consist of **two** sections, Sections A and B lasting for **1** ¾ hours and carrying **100** marks.

Section A - Will comprise twelve short structured essay questions. Candidates will be required to answer any ten of them in 55 minutes for a total of **60** marks.

Section B - Will comprise two questions on test of practical work for candidates to answer both in 50 minutes for 40 marks.

Notes: The candidates are expected to have gone through an apprenticeship programme for a minimum of eight weeks with a reputable organization before sitting for the examination. A log book of work done and portfolio should be kept by the mentoring organization. This will constitute part of continuous assessment for the examination.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

CONTENT	NOTES	
A. INTRODUCTION TO MOBILE PHONES AND SERVICE		
PROVIDERS	Definition of mobile phones and its	
Mobile phones acronyms and	terminologies	
terminologies	Terminologies should include GSM, CDMA,	
	mobile phones/cell phones/user equipment,	
	MMS, SMS, call barring, call forwarding,	
2. Mobile phone bands and their uses	BSI, DCT, FPS etc.	
1	Band—single, double, tri and quad bands and	
3. Types of mobile phones	their uses.	
1	Mobiles phone types—straight, flip, slides	
4. Phone accessories and their functions	etc. and their special maintenance needs.	
	All phone accessories including;	
	headsets/hands free, earpiece, external	
5. Types of menus and sub-menus	Bluetooth, batteries, chargers, cables etc. and	
V.	their functions.	
	Menus and sub-menus including; phone book,	
	message, call, settings, applications etc. and	
6. Service providers and their codes	their functions	
-	Major voice service providers and their	
B. BASIC COMPUTER AND	service codes.	
INTERNET CONCEPTS.		
1. Introduction to computer		
	Definition, identification and functions of	

various computer hardware (monitor, CPU, keyboard etc.) and software (operating and 2. Introduction to internet application) components. Web access platform Including; WAP/GPRS/EDGE/Wi-Fi/3G etc. 3. Browsing the web Browsing activities like downloading, uploading etc. C. ESSENTIAL COMPONENTS OF MOBILE PHONES AND THEIR **FUNCTIONS** 1. Structure of mobile phones Basic block diagram (power unit, memory unit and radio unit) and functions of each 2. Hardware components block Identification, description and functions of 3. Software components various hardware components including CPU, SIM socket, earpiece, keypad, buzzer, vibrator etc. D. MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF Various software components both operating **MOBILE PHONES** and application software. 1 Electronic components in mobile phones 2 Preventive maintenance 3 Corrective maintenance Resistors, capacitors, diodes, transistors, IC, e.t.c. Definitions, functions, reason, advantages and 4 Common tools and equipment for procedures (cleaning, soldering, de-soldering, hardware and software repairs. re-balling etc.) of preventive and corrective

maintenance	
Identify common tools and equipment for	
hardware repairs such as; star, Allen key,	
lead, precision set, multi-meter, oscilloscope,	
computer set soldering iron and sucker etc.	
and their uses.	
Identify common software tools for repair	
such as; unlocking software, flashing software	
firmware installation etc.	
List safety rules and regulations. Safe use of	
maintenance tools. Basic safety facilities in	
the mobile phone workshop (first aid box, fire	
extinguishers etc.)	
Identification of hardware problems such as	
damaged screen, charging ports, mouthpiece,	
earpiece, keyboard etc.	
Identification of software problems such as;	
'contact service provider', 'phone lock code',	
'invalid SIM', 'SIM card rejected' etc.	
Dissembling and assembling, testing and	
trouble shooting of component such as	
displays, speakers, vibrators, ringers, charging	

	ports, charging jacks, batteries, keypads,	
	panels etc.	
	Trouble shooting/fault finding using relevant	
	mobile phone menus.	
	Identification of mobile phone ICs and	
	electronic components.	
	Reading of PCB circuit layout and schematic	
	diagrams.	
2. Tracing and fault finding in		
hardware		
	Identification of faulty components (using	
	visuals, continuity test, open circuit, short	
	circuit etc.)	
	Test voltages on PCB (voltage levels at	
	various points and voltage specification of IC	
	pins)	
3. Fault finding in software	Trouble-shooting techniques—metering	
	methods, signal tracing/injection, component	
	testing, visual inspections etc.	
	Trouble shooting Surface Mount Devices	
	(SMD)/ Ball Grid Array (BGA) etc.	
	(S.12), Buil Gild Filling (BOIL) Co.	
	Use of coftware codes for faults finding Eault	
	Use of software codes for faults finding. Fault	

F. SETTING UP AND MANAGING MOBILE PHONE WORKSHOP

1. Setting up a mobile phone work shop

2. Facilities/equipment for mobile phone workshop.

Managing a mobile phone business
 SUPERVISED APPRENTISHIP
 (INDUSTRIAL TRAINING)

find related to software (SIM locked, SIM rejected, hanging problem, restart problem etc.)

Flashing of mobile phones—flashing devices, flashing software and their uses

Phone lock/security unlocking/resetting

counters

Capital, personnel and factors that determining choice of location

Identify appropriate facilities/equipment for a mobile phone workshop.

Risk analyses, costing, return on investment etc.

CANDIDATES ARE REQUIRED TO SPEND A MINIMUM CUMULATIVE TOTAL OF EIGHT (08) WEEKS OF APPRENTISHIP IN AN ACCREDITED REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE CENTRE

LIST OF MINIMUM ITEMS OF EQUIPMENT FOR A CLASS OF FIFTY CANDIDATES

ITE	EQUIPMENT	QUANTITY	QUANTITY
M		REQUIRED	SEEN

1	Scrap mobile phone/Mobile phone parts	10	
2	Mobile phone manuals	10	
3	Mobile phone	50	
4	Chat of service codes	1	
5	Phones accessories (various types)	25	
6	Data cable (various types)	25	
7	Oscilloscope	2	
8	Multi-meter(Analog/digital)	10	
9.	Brush	25	
10	Soldering iron	10	
11.	Safety chart	1	
12.	Hammer	25	
13.	Spanner(various types)	25	
14.	Tweezer	10	
15.	PCB Board holder	25	
16.	Cutter	25	

17.	Magnifying desk lamp	10	
18.	Ultrasonic cleaner	1	
19.	Re-balling kits (Chat)	05	
20.	Flashing and unlocking devices	02	
21.	Cables and wires	Assorted	
22.	DC Regulated power supply	02	