### WASSCE / WAEC GOVERNMENT SYLLABUS

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### **AIMS AND OBJECTIVES**

This syllabus aims at assessing the candidates' ability to:

- (a) Define the concepts of Government and show their understanding of its principles, institutions and processes.
- (b) Recognize their role as informed citizens and their contributions towards the achievement of national development.
- (c) Evaluate the successes, failures and problems of governments in West Africa.
- (d) Analyze the constitutional developments and processes of colonial and post independent government.
- (e) Appreciate the role of their country as a member of the international community.

#### SCHEME OF EXAMINATIONS

There will be two papers – Paper 1 and 2, both of which will make a composite paper to be taken at one sitting.

- PAPER 1: This will be a 1-hour multiple-choice objective test consisting of fifty questions drawn from the entire syllabus. The paper shall carry 40 marks
- PAPER 2: This will be a 2 hour essay type test consisting of two sections, Sections A and B. The paper shall carry 60 marks.

### **Section A:** Elements of Government

This shall contain five questions out of which candidates shall be required to attempt any two.

### Section B: Political And Constitutional Developments in West Africa and International Relations

This shall contain five questions out of which candidates shall be required to attempt any two.

### **DETAILED SYLLABUS**

### SECTION A: <u>ELEMENTS OF GOVERNMENT</u>

### 1. MEANING AND SCOPE OF THE SUBJECT MATTER – GOVERNMENT

- (i) Government as an institution of the state
  Definition of state, features, structure and functions.
- (ii) Government as a process or art or governing.
- (iii) Government as an academic field of study reasons for studying government.

### 2. BASIC CONCEPTS AND PRINCIPLES OF GOVERNMENT

- (i) Basic concepts State, \*Society, \*Nation, Power, Authority, Legitimacy, Sovereignty, Democracy, Political Culture and Socialization, Communalism, Feudalism and oligarchy, \*Liberalism, Socialism, Communism, Capitalism, Fascism, Aristocracy, Totalitarianism.

  Meaning and features.
- (ii) Basic principles Rule of Law, Fundamental Human Rights, Separation of Powers/Checks and Balances, Constitutionalism, Political participation, Representative Government, Centralization and Decentralization (Delegated Legislation, Devolution and Decentralization).

#### 3. CONSTITUTIONS

- (i) Definition and Sources
- (ii) Functions
- (iii) Types and Features, (Written and Unwritten, Rigid and Flexible).

### 4. ORGANS OF GOVERNMENT

The Executive, the Legislature and the Judiciary – Judicial Independence. (Types, Structure, Composition/membership; Functions; powers and limitations).

### 5. STATE STRUCTURE AND CHARACTERISTICS OF GOVERNMENT

Types - Unitary, Federal, Confederal, Presidential or Non-parliamentary,
 Parliamentary or Cabinet, Monarchical and Republican.
 Meaning, types, features, merits and demerits.

### 6. <u>CITIZENSHIP</u>

Meaning, mode of acquisition, rights, duties and obligations of individuals in the state. Means of safeguarding rights of citizens.

### 7. POLITICAL PARTIES AND PARTY SYSTEMS

- (i) Political Parties definition, organization/structure, and functions.
- (ii) Party Systems definition, types, merits and demerits.

### 8. PRESSURE GROUPS, PUBLIC OPINION AND MASS MEDIA

- (i) Pressure Groups definition, types, mode of operation and functions;
- (ii) Public opinion definition, formation, Measurement and importance;
- (iii) Mass Media definition, roles and impact.

# 9. THE ELECTORAL SYSTEMS, PROCESSES AND ELECTORAL MANAGEMENT BODY

- (a) Electoral Systems and Processes
  - (i) Election- Meaning and purpose of elections.
  - (ii) Franchise meaning, and limitations.
  - (iii) Types, advantages and disadvantages of Electoral Systems.
- (b) Electoral Management Body definition, functions, problems/constrains.

### 10. PUBLIC/CIVIL SERVICE ADMINISTRATION

- (i) Public/Civil Service Meaning, Structure, Characteristics and Functions.
- (ii) Public/Civil Service Commission –meaning and Functions.
- (iii) Public Corporations definition, purposes, functions, control, challenges, need for commercialization and privatization.
- (iv) Local Governments Meaning, structure, Purposes, Functions, Sources of revenue, control and problems.

# SECTION B: POLITICAL AND CONSTITUTIONAL DEVLEOPMENTS IN WEST AFRICA AND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

## 11. PRE-COLONIAL POLITICAL SYSTEM OF CANDIDATES' RESPECTIVE COUNTRIES

The Structural Organization of the following:

- (a) Nigeria Hausa/Fulani, the Yoruba and the Igbo.
- (b) Ghana The Akan and the Talensi.
- (c) Sierra Leone The Mende and Temme.
- (d) The Gambia The Wolof, Mandingo and Jola.
- (e) Liberia The Vai and the Kru.

### 12. <u>COLONIAL ADMINISTRATION</u>

- (i) The Policy and Structure of the British Colonial Administration Crown Colony, Protectorate and Indirect Rule.
- (ii) The Policy of French Colonial Administration Assimilation and Association (Loi Cadre).
- (iii) Impact, Advantages and disadvantages of Colonial Rule.

### 13. NATIONALISM IN CANDIDATES' RESPECTIVE COUNTRIES

- (i) Nationalism: Meaning, factors and effects.
- (ii) Key Nationalist leaders/movements and their contributions.

# 14. <u>CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENTS IN CANDIDATES' RESPECTIVE</u> <u>COUNTRIES</u>

- (i) <u>Pre-Independence Constitutions</u> -
- (a) Nigeria (features) Clifford 1922 Richards 1946 Macpherson 1951 Lyttleton 1954

(b) Ghana (features, merits and demerits) - Clifford 1916

Guggisberg 1925

Burns 1946

Arden Clarke 1951 Nkrumah 1954

(c) Sierra Leone (features, merits and demerits) - Slatter 1924

Stevenson 1947

Beresford Stooke 1951 The 1956 and 1958

Constitutions.

(d) The Gambia (features, merits and demerits) -

The 1947,

1951,

1954, 1960, 1962 and 1963

Constitutions.

### (ii) <u>Post-Independence Constitutions – Features</u>

(a) Nigeria - Independence Constitution, 1960

Republican Constitution 1963 The 1979 and 1989 Constitutions

1999 Constitution - Origin, features, strengths and

Weaknesses.

(b) Ghana - Independence Constitution, 1957

Republican Constitution 1960 2<sup>nd</sup> Republican Constitution 1969 3<sup>rd</sup> Republican Constitution 1979 4<sup>th</sup> Republican Constitutions 1992.

(c) Sierra Leone – Independence Constitution 1961

Republican Constitution 1971 The 1978 and 1991 Constitutions,

(d) The Gambia - Independence Constitution 1965

Republican Constitution 1970. 2<sup>nd</sup> Republican Constitution 1997

(e) Liberia - Independence/Republican Constitution 1947

2<sup>nd</sup> Republican Constitution 1985

## 15. <u>DEVELOPMENT OF MAJOR POLITICAL PARTIES IN THE CANDIDATES'</u> <u>RESPECTIVE COUNTRIES</u>

- Nigeria
- Sierra Leone
- The Gambia
- Liberia

Formation, Objectives, Sources of Finance, Achievements and Failures

### 16. <u>MILITARY RULE IN THE CANDIDATES' RESPECTIVE COUNTRIES</u>.

- Nigeria
- Ghana;
- Sierra Leone
- The Gambia
- Liberia

Causes, effects and various military regimes.

### 17. FEDERAL/UNITARY SYSTEMS OF GOVERNMENT IN WEST AFRICA

- Nigeria
- Sierra Leone
- The Gambia
- Liberia

Origin, Factors, Structure, Features and Problems

### 18. FOREIGN POLICIES OF THE CANDIDATES' RESPECTIVE COUNTRIES

- Nigeria
- Ghana
- Sierra Leone
- The Gambia
- Liberia

Definitions, Factors, objectives, advantages and disadvantages.

### 19. <u>INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS</u>

The United Nations Organizations (UNO),

The Commonwealth of Nations,

African Union (AU) - NEPAD,

The Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS).

Origin, aims/objectives, achievements and problems.

### SUGGESTED READING LIST

S/N	AUTHOR	TITLE
1.	ADU BOAHEN, A	Ghana Evolution and Change in the 19 <sup>th</sup> and 20 <sup>th</sup> Centuries
2.	SHILLINGTON K.	Ghana and the Rawlings Factor
3.	HODGKIN T.	African Political Parties
4.	GARBRAH H. K.	Foreign Policies of Major Countries, Subject Publications, New Delhi
5.	ADDAE P. G.	Senior Secondary School Government Bks. 1&2
6.	NOFIU S. O. A.	A – ONE in Government
7.	ECHIEFU S. M	Modern Government
8.	APPADORAI A.	The Substance of Politics
9.	PRICE J. H.	Political Institutions in West Africa
10.	LEEDS C. A.	Political Studies
11.	AMOA G. Y.	Groundwork of Government in West Africa
12.	DARE AND OYEWOLE	A Textbook of Government for Senior Secondary School
13.	OYEDIRAN AND CO.	Government for Senior Secondary School.
14.	FRANCIS ADIGWE	Essentials of Government
15.	DENNIS AUSTIN	Politics in Ghana 1946-1960
16	PRAH ISAAC	Government for Senior Secondary School

<sup>\*</sup> Peculiar to Ghana only